## Passage 5 (B1 Level):

## **Topic: The Role of Literature in Society**

Literature has been a significant part of human culture for centuries, serving various purposes and playing a crucial role in society. Through literature, we explore universal themes, understand diverse perspectives, and gain insights into the human condition. It reflects the values, beliefs, and experiences of different societies, providing a lens through which we can examine our own lives and the world around us.

One of the essential functions of literature is to entertain and engage readers. It offers an escape from reality, taking us on imaginative journeys to distant lands or introducing us to compelling characters and their stories. Literature evokes emotions, captivates our imagination, and keeps us engrossed in its narrative.

Moreover, literature acts as a medium for social commentary. Many literary works tackle social issues such as racism, inequality, and injustice. They challenge societal norms and provoke critical thinking, encouraging readers to question prevailing ideologies and consider alternative perspectives. By shining a light on social problems, literature has the power to raise awareness, ignite conversations, and inspire social change.

Literature also helps us develop empathy and understanding. By delving into the lives and experiences of diverse characters, we learn to relate to people from different backgrounds and cultures. It breaks down barriers, fosters compassion, and cultivates a sense of shared humanity. Through literature, we can step into someone else's shoes and gain a deeper appreciation for the complexities of human existence.

Furthermore, literature contributes to the preservation and transmission of cultural heritage. Classic literary works provide a window into different historical periods, allowing us to understand the traditions, customs, and values of past societies. They serve as a bridge between generations, ensuring that important stories and ideas are passed down through time.

Comprehension Questions:

- 1. What is one purpose of literature?
- a) To limit our understanding of the human condition
- b) To entertain and engage readers

- c) To perpetuate social norms and ideologies
- d) To discourage critical thinking
- 2. How does literature provoke critical thinking?
- a) By challenging societal norms and ideologies
- b) By avoiding social issues and focusing solely on entertainment
- c) By perpetuating inequalities and injustices
- d) By limiting our understanding of different perspectives
- 3. How does literature contribute to empathy and understanding?
- a) By reinforcing barriers and divisions between people
- b) By discouraging compassion and shared humanity
- c) By limiting our appreciation for the complexities of human existence
- d) By delving into the lives and experiences of diverse characters
- 4. What is the significance of classic literary works?
- a) They have no relevance to cultural heritage
- b) They provide insight into different historical periods and societies
- c) They perpetuate outdated values and beliefs
- d) They limit our understanding of past traditions and customs
- 5. How does literature contribute to social change?
- a) By avoiding social issues and maintaining the status quo
- b) By raising awareness, igniting conversations, and inspiring change
- c) By perpetuating social inequalities and injustices
- d) By limiting our understanding of societal problems

(b-a-d-b-b)